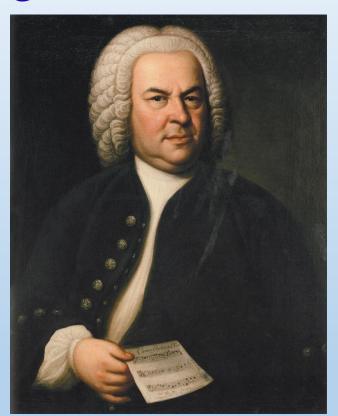


When was he born?

When did he die?

What was the period of music called?

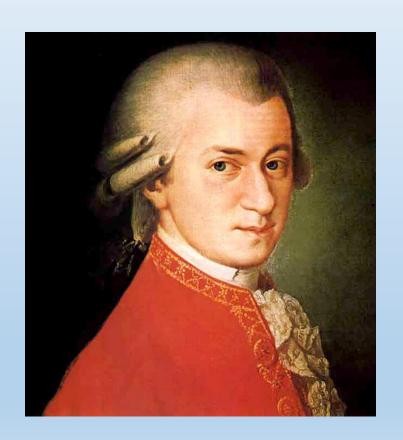
What instruments did we often hear from the music we listened to?





# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

# Music of the week The Marriage of Figaro

was composed for an opera. Mozart prepares us to live out one crazy day in the life of Figaro, one of opera's great larger than life characters.

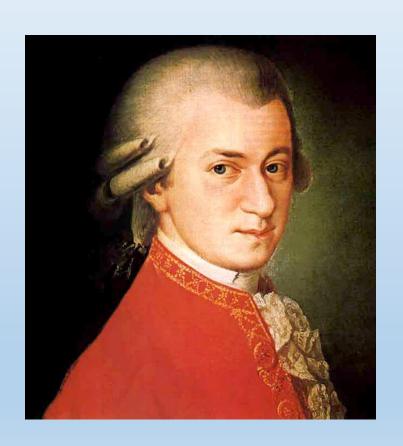
#### Listen out for:

two flutes, two oboes, two clarinets, two bassoons, two horns, two trumpets, timpani and strings. Try and find out about these instruments and what they sound like.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

### Music of the week Clarinet Concerto

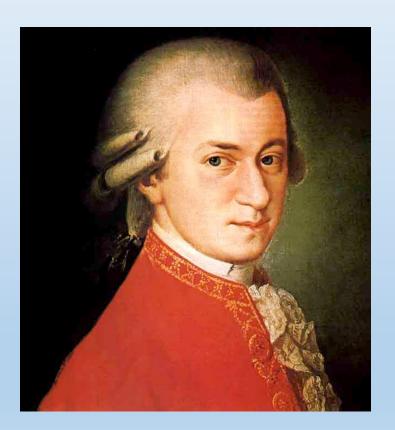
This concerto was Mozart's last composition for solo instrument before he died. It is a lively piece of music and we can hear the solo clarinet in a playful dialogue with the strings.

Try and find out about what a <u>concerto</u> is and more about the clarinet.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

### Music of the week Piano Concerto No. 21

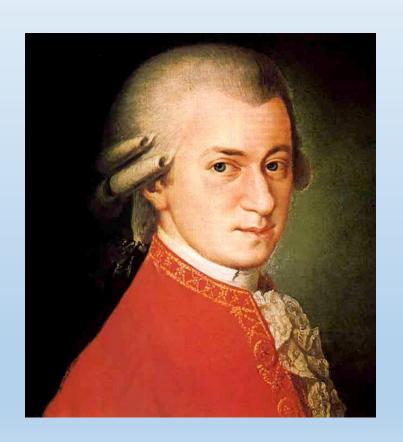
Mozart wrote and performed this concerto in 1785 when he was at the height of his career. The music was used for a film in the 1960's. Throughout the concerto, major and minor keys intermingle.

Try and find out what the word <u>major</u> and <u>minor</u> mean in music.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

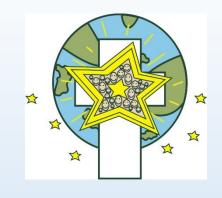
### Music of the week Horn Concerto No. 4

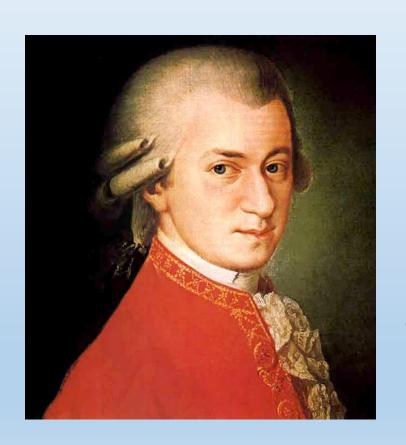
Mozart asked for this to be played fast and full of life. He wanted the concerto to be full of playfulness.

Try and find out about the solo instrument in this concerto – the horn.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

### Music of the week Exsultate Jubilate

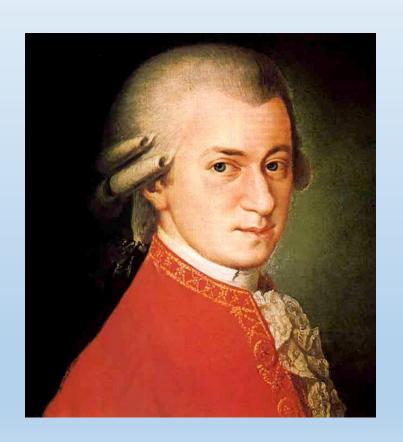
Of all Mozart's sacred works, this is the most joyful. The words of the latin title – exult, rejoice – give the key to his mood. The singer is a soprano singer and Mozart uses his singer like a concerto instrument.

Try and find out about what a <u>soprano</u> singer is.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

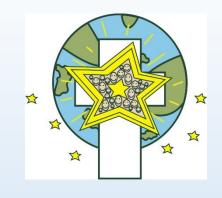
### Music of the week Serenade 'Eine Kleine Nachtmusik'

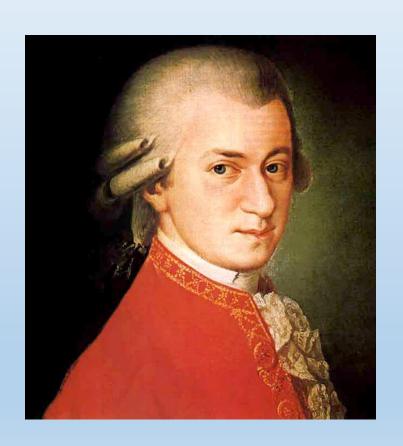
In Mozart's day this would have made perfect after-dinner entertainment. The music is a light-hearted musical conversation.

Try and find out what a serenade is.



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

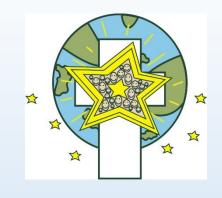
### Music of the week Serenade 'Gran Partita'

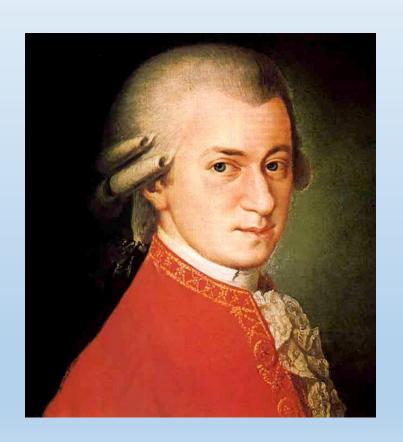
This serenade – a grand suite – was written for 13 wind instruments. The oboes come in first and then the clarinets set the tone for the most heartfelt of movements.

Can you name some wind instruments?



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791. Mozart's music is from the classical period.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

### Music of the week Sinfonia Concertante

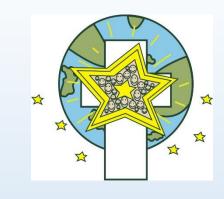
This piece of music has two solo instruments – violin and viola. They each take off into elegant solos, echoing each other's music and then duet together.

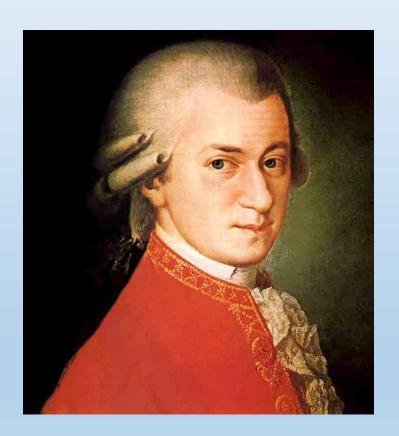
Find out the difference between the violin and the viola.

Also, what is a duet?



# Mozart





Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria in 1756 and died in 1791.

Mozart was taught by his father. He could play the harpsichord at the age of 3, played the violin at 4 and was composing his own pieces of music a year later.

Learning Lab background music



https://www.youtube.com/watch?time continue=83&v=8ojUXNjs L4